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＜ ABSTRACTS ＞

● Articles

Author	デニス・マーティン・バリント Dennis Martin Balint 関西学院大学 総合政策学部 外国人常勤講師(2005年3月1日現在) Associate Lecturer of English, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	Program-wide Supportive Language Learner Communities: Utilizing Communities of Practice and Sociocultural Perspectives in an ESL Curriculum
Abstract	This paper will describe a program-wide English as a Second Language (ESL) curriculum in which extensive collaboration among the students has noticeable benefits toward a constructive approach to language learning. Through a coordinated program design, English language learners engage in various tasks which focus on working collaboratively to support each others' language learning development. Reasons for incorporating tasks which promote constructive collaboration by students, including peer-feedback, are drawn from the theoretical concepts of <i>Communities of Practice</i> and <i>Sociocultural theory</i> . The successfully formed supportive communities of language learners in the English Language Program (ELP) in the School of Policy Studies at Kwansai Gakuin University will be described in terms of these concepts. While an explicit policy toward emphasizing collaborative language learning has not been established in the ELP, it is clear that some of the success of the program comes from such endeavors and it should be given further consideration.
Author	マルコム・フィッツアール Malcolm Fitz-Earle 関西学院大学 総合政策学部 客員教授(2004年9月～2005年1月) Visiting Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University (September 2004～January 2005) Capilano College 生物学科 名誉教授(2005年3月1日現在) Emeritus Professor, Department of Biology, Capilano College (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	Development of Policy to Reduce Wildlife - Human Conflicts: Education and Non-lethal Approaches to Black Bear Management in Canada and Japan
Abstract	The history and development of wildlife management policy and practice in Japan and Canada are compared. In particular the aspect of policy that relates to the reduction of wildlife-human conflicts is explored, using black bears in both countries as a case study. The reduction of conflicts can be achieved through educational initiatives and non-lethal bear management. The progress of such strategies is evaluated for both countries.
Author	クオン・ヨン・フン Young Hoon Kwun 関西学院大学 総合政策学部 客員教授(2004年10月～2005年1月) Visiting Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University (October 2004～January 2005) 韓国漢陽大学校 経済金融学部 名誉教授(2005年3月1日現在) Emeritus Professor, College of Economics & Finances, Hanyang University (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	Interrelationship between Cultural Values and Economic Development: with Special Regard to Korea
Abstract	In theorizing about developing economies, it has been said that late-comers enjoy comparative advantage in the so-called Age of Neo-Development, because they are able to copy not only a successful growth strategy but also a process of catching up with already advanced forerunners. However, in contrast to Korea's achievement in macroeconomic terms in the last four decades, it has been unfortunately misled to the pariah capitalism. How can this pariah capitalism be cured? The answer to this question is intimately related to how the Korean cultural values, socioeconomic institutions and economic policies are interrelated and how they interact. Hence, a new methodology of economic policy must be designed with the help of operationalism, confirmationism and above all both moral organicism- and social organicism-oriented institutionalism based on the Korean cultural value system. By applying this pluralistic methodology to institutional reforms and economic policy, the Korean economy will be able to achieve balanced economic and social development. Then, finally it will be able to enter the stage of the advanced economy.
Author	オン・クオック・ライ On-Kwok Lai 関西学院大学 総合政策学部 教授(2005年3月1日現在) Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	New Regionalism in the 21st Century Pacific-Asia: Synergy or Rivalry of Economic Power? Positioning Japan, ASEAN and the Greater Chinese Economies in their Global Context
Abstract	New regionalism is becoming a short-cut to economic liberalization in a globalizing world. In May 2004, the most dramatic phase of European integration, in terms of the enlargement of EU (15+10) capturing 25 member countries in Western, Central and Eastern European countries, has been mostly completed. On the other side of the Atlantic (or Pacific if we view from Asia perspective), it is the preparation of Free Trade Area of the Americas (FTAA) that was launched at the Miami Summit in 1994. The FTAA is undoubtedly the most ambitious collective initiative in the history of the Western Hemisphere and has already generated important positive externalities for the development of countries in NAFTA and MERCOSUR countries, and the strengthening of the multilateral system. All these regional initiatives are paralleling the efforts (or the partial success) of the WTO framework building. In short, it is the likely formation of a tripartite system of regional blocs in the global capitalism.

Author	関根 孝道 Takamichi Sekine 関西学院大学 総合政策学部 教授(2005年3月1日現在) Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansei Gakuin University, Lawyer (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	住民訴訟における損害について —いわゆる4号請求における損益相殺で違法な行為による利得を控除できるか— Damage Concept under the Local Residents Lawsuit of Citizensuit Provision —Is It Possible to Deduct Profits Resulted from Illegal Action by Local Government under the Damage Claim of Section 242-2 of the Local Autonomy Law?—
Abstract	The appeal court of Okinawa Yanbaru Lawsuit repealed the district court decision which held liable those involved in the construction of Oku-Yona forest road due to its illegality. The road which runs across the core areas of Yanbaru forest from north to south has caused environmental destruction detrimental to its indigenous bio-diversity. According to the appeal court decision, Okinawa prefecture has suffered no monetary damages because it has received and thereafter used the forest road as originally planned. Aside from the factual misunderstanding regarding the forest road utilization, the impact of the decision is so extensive as to undermine the usefulness of the citizensuit provision provided under section 242-2 of the Local Autonomy Law. Why so? Because the decision implies that local governments sued thereunder can easily escape legal liabilities by way of completing the project sought to be ceased. To be more specific, shrewd local governments would be tempted to enforce and hasten the project by all means in spite of local people's opposition since the completion will relieve them of legal liabilities under the appeal court's rationale above mentioned. What does this mean? Although the citizensuit provision modeled after taxpayers lawsuit in U.S. has functioned to be a indispensable weapon for local people to watchdog the extravagance of expenditures primarily for notorious public works, the appeal court decision might paralyze the essence of such legal system by erroneously interpreting the concept of "damage" under the citizensuit provision. In short, the decision has created a loophole for local governments free from legal scrutiny initiated by local people. This article criticizes the appeal court decision. First it introduces part of the decision in which the court denied the local people's claim of abatement and damage regarding Oku-Yona forest road construction with the emphasis on its interpretation of "damage". Secondly this article examines constitutional issues specifically under section 94 and 32 of the Constitution in light of the court handling of the above abatement and damage claim. Furthermore it probes the Supreme Court decisions relating to the "damage" concept especially in the context of damage and profit setoff by contrast with the appeal court's rulings. Then this article argues some other legal issues raised by the appeal court. Finally it concludes that the appeal court decision is contrary to the precedents of the Supreme Court decisions as well as established regal principles.

Author	渡部 律子 Ritsuko Watanabe 関西学院大学 総合政策学部 教授(2005年3月1日現在) Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansei Gakuin University (as of March,2005) 料所 奈津子 Natsuko Ryosho 大阪府社会福祉協議会 臨時研究員(2005年3月1日現在) Part-time Researcher, Osaka prefecture Council of Social welfare (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	Effect of Age on Job Satisfaction and Intention to Turnover among Female Nursing Home Care Workers
Abstract	The purpose of this study is to compare the levels of work satisfaction on six dimensions, measured by the Porter-Type Needs Satisfaction Questionnaire, and its relationship with overall satisfaction, and with intention to turnover, among three age groups of female care workers at nursing home settings. Based on prior research and theory, the female life cycle was grouped into three stages, young, middle, and old. The survey questionnaires were administered to a sample drawn from 2,350 workers in 51 geriatric care facilities located in Hyogo prefecture in 2001. For this study, 701 female nursing home care workers were chosen from the total sample. The final sample available for the analysis was 550. Tested were differences in the three age groups in the six dimensions of job satisfaction, kinds of predictors for total job satisfaction, and predictors of intention to leave the job. The findings confirmed results of some prior studies, showing a significant positive relationship between age and overall job satisfaction and of the six dimensions of job satisfaction. Especially, the middle-aged group showed a different pattern from the two other age groups. Application of the findings was discussed, especially for training needs in nursing homes that account for life cycle stage differences for women.

● Research Note

Author	ハンス W. ゴッティンガー Hans W. Gottinger 関西学院大学 総合政策学部 教授(2005年3月1日現在) Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansei Gakuin University (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	Regulatory Practice of European Telecommunications with Special Reference to Germany
Abstract	We look at a key list of recent economic regulatory and convergence issues connected with the dynamics of the telecommunications industry as part of an integrative telecommunications policy for the European Union (EU) with particular reference to Germany as the economically leading country of the EU.

Author	齊藤 順子 Junko Saitoh 関西学院大学大学院 総合政策研究科 博士課程後期課程(2005年3月1日現在) Graduate School of Policy Studies, Kwansei Gakuin University (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	介護支援専門員の職務意識とその課題 —利用者主導のケアマネジメントの実践に向け— Job Awareness among Care Managers and Related Issues —Working towards Client Self Direction in Care Management—
Abstract	The purpose of this study was two-fold. The first was to examine job awareness among care managers and how they evaluate themselves according to the theoretical knowledge and practical skills demanded of them. Secondly we looked at care managers from different backgrounds in terms of qualifications, such as nursing or care workers to see if there was a difference in job awareness and their focus regarding theoretical knowledge and practical skills. This research was based on answers to questionnaires sent 404 care managers who had been trained in Tohoku region. The content and analysis of the questionnaires was the same as that used by Watanabe (2002). As a result of the survey three points became clear. The first was that care managers were aware of need for a high level of technical skill but that the level of understanding on the part of the client was low. Secondly, there were very clear areas of expertise in which care managers were either very confident or, on the other hand, not confident at all. Thirdly, nurses evaluated themselves more highly according to theoretical knowledge and practical skills than care workers did. However, in the areas of interview, client strengths and client self-determination there were no differences.

●Policy Topics

Author	落合 由紀子 Yukiko Ochiai 東海大学 教養学部 助教授(2005年3月1日現在) Associate Professor, School of Humanities and Culture, Tokai University (as of March 1, 2005)
Title	環境配慮のまちづくり —水俣市の市民と行政の協働の事例— Environmentally-friendly Community: A Case Study on the Partnership between Citizens and Local Government in Minamata City