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● Articles

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Title	Subcontracting -cum- Outsourcing Filial Piety in Asia's Ageing Societies? Limits of the "Borrowed" Care in Cross-Border Flexible Labour Regime
Abstract	Confronting rapidly ageing population, some East Asia's (neoliberal) economies offer alternatives to preserve cultural virtues for filial piety (FP) duties by adopting a flexible regime of nomadic -importing guest- labours for domestic (not least family-care) work; Singapore, Taiwan and Hong Kong present such example. Foreign home helpers (FHH) for domestic works in middle-class families hence becomes unquestionably norm in these societies: over 331,000 FHH are working in Hong Kong, Singapore has its 231,000 domestic workers, whilst Taiwan employs around 219,000 FHH to serve the frail aged. More and more families are taking such practice to cope with the caring of their aged seniors, as well as promoting one's family's work-life balance! This arguably commercializing, sub-contracting -cum- outsourcing, of familial duties and domestic works is questionably considered as innovative, if not as the best alternative, in policy terms. Yet, this paper examines the embedded contradictions, tension and dynamics, of this flexible labour regime and its differential development in East Asia's ageing societies.
Author	眞壽田 順啓 Yoshihiro Masuda 関西学院大学総合政策学部 教授, 薬学修士 (2016年9月20日現在) Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University, Doctor of Pharmacy, D.Pharm. (as of September 20, 2016)
Title	「地域団体商標」と「地理的表示」の戦略的活用 Strategic Application of Regional Collective Trademarks and Geographical Indications
Abstract	In order to protect the Regional Brands, in addition to the preceding Regional Collective Trademarks system, a protection system of Geographical Indication Law is provided. Availability of two systems makes it complicate to protect the Brands effectively. With regards to Intellectual Properties Protection, collision of Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries(MAFF) and Ministry of Economy / the Patent Office, as seen at the time of accession of UPOV treaty which protects new varieties of Plant, is not the first time. Under the situation that two systems are in effect, it is time to consider the most appropriate protection method from the point of view that the promotion of the region is the most important thing. It is true from the fact that Regional Collective Trademarks owners are not necessarily be satisfied with the present Regional Collective Trademarks system. Cases in which merit arises by utilizing two systems have been introduced this time. Taking into account the situation of the spread of Geographical Indications system, further examination will be necessary.
Author	スティーブン・マクナマラ Stephen McNamara 関西学院大学総合政策学部 外国人常勤講師(A.L.E.), M.Ed.(2016年9月20日現在) Associate Lecturer of English, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University (A.L.E.), M.Ed (as of September 20, 2016)
Title	A CLIL Approach to Syllabus Development Utilizing Taxonomies from the Cognitive Domain
Abstract	Content and Language Integrated Learning (CLIL) as a pedagogical approach has become increasingly mainstream in European education, with governmental support through policy, specifically through the European Commission, legitimizing and authenticating its role as central to language curriculum development on that continent (Coyle, Hood, & Marsh, 2010; Commission of the European Communities, 2004-2006). In Japan, there has commonly been an approach to language learning that can be characterized as a "banking model", where a teacher makes language "deposits" into the "account" of the learner (Friere, 1970). These deposits take the form of discrete pieces of language, with their contextual relevance confined to their immediate use as a means for passing exams. With a national push for Japan to internationalize its economy, and an trends toward socio-constructivist approaches to education it seems pertinent for a more contextually relevant approach to language learning to come to the fore, and in recent years there has been increasing interest in developing syllabi that recognize this need (Yoshida, 2009). One expression of this is higher education institutions in Japan beginning to incorporate CLIL approaches into their frameworks for developing curricula and syllabi. This literature review will explain current CLIL theories, with a focus on interdisciplinary synergies; the distinction between basic interpersonal communication skills and cognitive academic language proficiency; the synergistic effect of cognition in a CLIL syllabus; learning domains and taxonomies that can inform planning for cognitive elements in a CLIL syllabus, with examples of two taxonomies. Finally, the review will locate a context within existing CLIL theory for syllabus development, with the aim of providing methods for underpinning certain syllabi with established taxonomies, under the assumption that they can add an organized and sequential cognitive element to previously established linguistic goals and objectives.
Author	鈴木 英輔 Eisuke Suzuki 元関西学院大学 総合政策学部 教授 現在、フィリピンのアテネオ・デ・マニラ大学法学院教授、法学博士(JSD) (2016年9月20日現在) Former Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University Professor of Law, Ateneo Law School, Manila, Philippines(JSD) (as of September 20, 2016)
Title	「一國平和主義」との決別と責任ある積極的な国際貢献のために Farewell to 'One Country Pacifism' and the Need for Proactive Contribution to Peace
Abstract	Japan's entire security arrangements have been developed through, and built upon, a series of constitutional interpretations of Article 9 to which no amendment has been made. The Cabinet Legislation Bureau's long-held understanding of the concept of collective self-defense is false. The CLB has rejected the notion of collective self even though Japan's criminal code recognizes the defense of other individuals as the lawful exercise of self-defense. Those who oppose the right of collective self-defense subscribe to the dichotomy between Japan and other countries. This dichotomy is the basis of "one country pacifism." It is rooted in national egotism; it betrays universal pacifism. Though a new security law regime now in place rejected "one country pacifism," there still is a need for a new reinterpretation of paragraph 2 of Article 9 of the Constitution, so that it could conform to the interpretation given to paragraph 1 of Article 9.
Author	宮崎 康支 Yasushi Miyazaki 関西学院大学大学院総合政策研究科博士課程後期課程 修士(総合政策) (2016年9月20日現在) Student, Doctor's Program of the Graduate, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University, Master. (School of Policy Studies) (as of September 20, 2016)
Title	日本の新聞にみる「発達障害」概念の使用 —1984年から2014年までにおける『朝日新聞』および『毎日新聞』の関連記事に対する定量・定性的分析より— The Concept of <i>Hattatsu Shogai</i> (Developmental Disabilities/Disorders) in Japanese Newspapers Quantitative and Qualitative Analyses of Articles in <i>The Asahi Shimbun</i> and <i>The Mainichi Shimbun</i> from 1984 to 2014
Abstract	Despite having been recognized as a medical concept for several decades, <i>Hattatsu Shogai</i> (developmental disabilities/disorders) has just been introduced as a policy term in social welfare and education contexts in Japan during the last decade. In particular, following the debate and passage of the special act for <i>Hattatsu Shogai</i> in Japan in 2004, the news coverage on <i>Hattatsu Shogai</i> sharply increased. This paper examines public discourse regarding the concept of <i>Hattatsu Shogai</i> in two major Japanese newspapers using qualitative analysis within the theoretical framework of Critical Discourse Analysis (CDA). Moreover, as a linguistic case study, the paper examines the frequency of negation. By these analyses, this paper discovers a correlation of negation usage with policy actions in social welfare and special education.

● Research Notes

Author	井上 一郎 Ichiro Inoue 関西学院大学総合政策学部 教授, MALD (International Relations) (2016年9月20日現在) Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University, MALD (International Relations) (as of September 20, 2016)
Title	中国外交政策研究への理論的アプローチ Theoretical Approach to the Study of Chinese Foreign Policy
Abstract	Traditionally, research on Chinese foreign policy has used Sinology based on historical as well as empirical area study approaches. However, there have also been efforts by some scholars to explain China's international behavior through theories of political science and international relations, supported by the developments in behavioral science since the 1950s. Until now, studies on the relationship between domestic factors and foreign policy, or on the process of formulating foreign policy decisions, have not seen impressive development. This is partly because of the lack of transparency in The People's Republic of China's (PRC's) political system. Analysts often face great difficulty in accessing and identifying the roles of bureaucratic and domestic politics in the process of framing foreign policy decisions. After the introduction of The Open and Reform Policy at the end of the 1970s, the research conditions of openness and access to sources have gradually improved. There has been an increasing volume of studies, especially among the scholars in the US, with a view to explaining how domestic factors inside China would affect its external behavior in the concrete form of foreign policy. Although there still exist large obstacles to understanding the Chinese foreign policymaking process, with the improvement of socioeconomic openness in China in combination with the International Relations (IR) theoretical analysis tools for narrowing the range of likely behavior, study on Chinese foreign policy has made steady progress. This paper is trying to overview of the development of theoretical studies in Chinese foreign policymaking by reviewing the historical development of relevant IR theories and their sub-category, Foreign Policy Analysis (FPA).

● Policy Topics

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Title	「ことばの市民」になる教育へー自己・他者そして社会の外国語学習 Towards the Education for the Citizen by Language

● Book Review

Author	鈴木 英輔 Eisuke Suzuki 元関西学院大学 総合政策学部 教授 現在、フィリピンのアテネオ・デ・マニラ大学法学院教授、法学博士 (2016年9月20日現在) Former Professor, School of Policy Studies, Kwansai Gakuin University Professor of Law, Ateneo Law School, Manila, Philippines (JSD) (as of September 20, 2016)
Title	<i>The Hundred-Year Marathon</i> : Michael Pillsbury's Warnings to Japan

● Research Consortium

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Title	関西学院大学総合政策研究科リサーチ・コンソーシアム第18回総会記念事業報告

● 新任教員紹介

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Title	「新任者の言葉」激動の時代と地球的視野からの活動 ー国際開発行政 マクロ開発政策形成・実施 多国間政策 ネゴシエーション ケース・スタディーMethodー
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Title	「着任のご挨拶」
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Title	門外漢による専門知の探求
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Title	「新任のご挨拶」
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Title	「新任のご挨拶」